ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

(As adopted by special resolution passed on 22 October 2015)

OF

BAOSTEEL HONG KONG INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED 寶鋼香港投資有限公司

Incorporated the 15th day of March, 1994

Printed by

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (Chapter 622)

Public Company

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

BAOSTEEL HONG KONG INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

寶鋼香港投資有限公司

PRELIMINARY

In these Articles-

"Ordinance" means the Companies Ordinance (Cap 622);

"seal" means the seal of the company;

"secretary" means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company.

Expressions used in these Articles referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Wherever any provision of these Articles (except a provision for the appointment of a proxy) requires that a communication as between the company, its directors or members be effected in writing, the requirement may be satisfied by the communication being given in the form of an electronic record if the person to whom the communication is given consents to it being given to him in that form.

Wherever any provision of these Articles requires that a meeting of the company, its directors or members be held, the requirement may be satisfied by the meeting being held by such lawful electronic means or such other lawful manner as may be agreed by the company in general meeting.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions used in these Articles shall have the same meaning as in the Ordinance or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Articles become binding on the company.

1. The name of the Company is

BAOSTEEL HONG KONG INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED 實質香港投資有限公司

- 2. The liability of the members is limited.
- 3. The liability of the members is limited to any amount unpaid on the shares held by the members.
- 4. Capital and the shareholdings

(a)	The total number of ordinary shares that the Company proposes to issue	4,000,000
(b)	The total amount of share capital to be subscribed by the Company's member(s)	HKD4,000,000
(c)	The amount to be paid up or to be regarded as paid up	HKD4,000,000
(d)	The amount to remain unpaid or to be regarded as remaining unpaid	NIL

5. The regulations in Schedule 1 to the Companies (Model Articles) Notice (Cap.622H) shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are hereby specifically excluded or are inconsistent with the Articles herein contained. In particular, but without in any way limiting the generality of the foregoing, Articles 9, 10, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 30, 37, 43, 45, 57, 59, 80, 81 and 102 shall not apply or are modified as hereinafter appearing.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

6. The board of directors may refuse to register a transfer of any share. If the board of directors refuses to register a transfer, it shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

SHAREHOLDERS

- 7. The shareholders' meeting shall exercise the following functions and powers:
- (a) Determining the company's operational guidelines and investment plans;
- (b) Electing and changing the directors and deciding the matters relating to their salaries and compensations;
- (c) Deliberating and approving reports of the board of directors;
- (d) Deliberating and approving annual financial budget plans and final account plans of the company;
- (e) Deliberating and approving company profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans;
- (f) Making resolutions about the increase or reduction of the company's capital;
- (g) Making resolutions about the issuance of corporate bonds;
- (h) Adopting resolutions about the assignment, split-up, change of company form, dissolution, liquidation of the company;
- (i) Revising the bylaw or the provisions of these Articles of the company;
- (j) Exercising any other power of the company.

GENERAL MEETINGS

- 8. (a) The quorum for the transaction of business at any General Meeting shall be two members present in person or by proxy. Notwithstanding any provision herein, if the Company has only one member, the decision of that member shall be taken by way of written resolution(s).
 - (b) Meetings may be held in Hong Kong or at such other place or places in the world as the majority of the members in value shall from time to time by resolution determine.
 - (c) A resolution in writing signed by all of the members of the Company and annexed or attached to the General Meetings Minute Book shall be as valid and effective as a resolution passed at a meeting duly convened. The signature of any member may be given by his Attorney or Proxy. Any such resolution may be contained in one document or separate copies prepared and/or circulated for the purpose and signed by one or more members.
 - (d) Where the Company has only one member and that member takes any decision that may be taken by the Company in General Meeting and that has effect as if agreed by the Company in General Meeting, he shall (unless that decision is taken by way of a resolution in writing duly signed by him) provide the Company with a written record of that decision within 7 days after the decision is made.

- 9. Unless and until otherwise determined by an ordinary resolution of the Company, the minimum number of director(s) shall be two and there shall be no maximum number of directors.
- 10. The first director(s) of the company is/are the person(s) named as the director(s) in the Incorporation Form delivered to the Registrar of Companies.
- 11. A director need not hold any shares in the Company and is not subject to rotation or retirement at the annual general meetings. A director who is not a member of the Company shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at general meetings.
- 12. (a) No director or intended director shall be disqualified from his office by contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser or otherwise, nor shall any such contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any company or partnership of or in which any director shall be a member or otherwise interested be capable on that account of being avoided, nor shall any director so contracting or being such a member or so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason only of such director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established. Provided always that each director shall forthwith disclose the nature of his interests in any contract or arrangement in which he is interested as required by and subject to the provisions of the Ordinance.
 - (b) Provided such disclosure is made as aforesaid, a director shall NOT be entitled to vote in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he is interested and NOT to be counted in the quorum present at the meeting at which such contract or arrangement is considered. In any case, if over half of directors is/are interested and/or make(s) such disclosure, the matter must be submitted to the shareholder(s) to decide.

MANAGEMENT AND POWERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 13. The board of directors may exercise such powers and do such acts as expressly conferred upon them by these Articles subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622), to these Articles, and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in General Meeting.
- 14. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Article and the other powers conferred by these Articles, it is hereby expressly declared that the board of directors shall have the following powers:
 - (a) To pay the costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.
 - (b) To purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company or sell or otherwise dispose of any property, rights and privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire at such price and generally on such terms and conditions as they shall think fit.
 - (c) To engage, dismiss, and fix the salaries or emoluments of the employees of the Company.
 - (d) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to, and of any claims or demands by or against the Company.
 - (e) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration and observe and perform the awards.
 - (f) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for claims and demands of the Company.
 - (g) To invest, lend or otherwise deal with any of the moneys or property of the Company in such manner as they think fit and to vary or realise any such investment from time to time.
 - (h) To arrange for banking facilities, on behalf of the Company, and to pledge, mortgage or hypothecate any of the property of the Company, if required.
 - (i) To open a current account with themselves for the Company and to advance any money to the Company with or without interest upon such terms and conditions as they shall think fit.
 - (j) To enter into all such negotiations and contracts, and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient for, or in relation to, any of the matters aforesaid, or otherwise for the purpose of the Company.
 - (k) To give to any director, officer or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, and such commission shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company, and to pay commissions and make allowance (either by way of a share in the general profits of the Company or otherwise) to any persons introducing business to the Company or otherwise promoting or serving the interest thereof.

- (1) To sell, improve, manage, exchange, lease, let, mortgage or turn to account all or any part of the land, property, rights and privileges of the Company.
- (m) To employ, invest or otherwise deal with any Reserve Fund or Reserve Funds in such manner and for such purposes as the board of directors may think fit.
- (n) To execute, in the name and on behalf of the Company, in favour of any director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability for the benefit of the Company, such mortgages of the Company's property (present or future) as they think fit, and any mortgages may contain a power of sale and such other powers covenants and provisions as shall be agreed upon.
- (o) From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they think fit, and in particular to appoint any persons to be the Attorneys or agents of the Company with such powers (including power to sub-delegate) and upon such terms as they think fit.
- (p) From time to time to make, vary or repeal rules and by-laws for the regulation of the business of the Company, its officers and servants.
- (q) To delegate any or all of the powers herein to any director or other person or persons as the board of directors may at any time think fit.

For the avoidance of doubt, any decision made by the board of directors shall only be adopted by the board of directors only if 2/3 or more of the directors of the Company approve the same.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

- 15. (a) The directors shall be paid out of the funds of the Company fees for their services, such sum (if any) as the members may from time to time determine.
 - (b) The directors shall also be entitled to be paid their reasonable expenses incurred in consequence of their attendance at meetings of directors, committee meetings or general meetings or otherwise in or about the business of the Company with the approval of the members.
- 16. The directors may award extra remuneration out of the funds of the Company (by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the directors may determine) to any director who performs services which in the opinion of the members are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director.

BORROWING POWERS

- 17. (a)The board of directors may exercise the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital of the Company and (subject to receipt of approval from shareholders) to issue debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, convertible bonds, exchangeable bonds and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party. Debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, convertible bonds, exchangeable bonds and other securities of the Company may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued, and may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of directors and otherwise.
 - (b) The board of directors shall cause a proper register to be kept, in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, of all mortgages and charges affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with the requirements of the Ordinance in regard to the registration of mortgages and charges therein specified and otherwise. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged,

all persons taking any subsequent charge thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the members or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 18. The Company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution appoint new Directors.
- 19. The Company may also by ordinary resolution remove any director notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between him and the Company and may, appoint another person in his stead.
- 20. In the event that the quorum and minimum number of directors are fixed at two or more directors, but if and so long as the number of directors is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to these Articles as the necessary quorum of directors, the continuing directors may act for the purpose of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose. If there shall be no directors able or willing to act, then any two members may summon a general meeting (and if the Company has only one member, by way of a written resolution passed by that only member) for the purpose of appointing directors.

RESERVE DIRECTOR

21. If the Company has only one member and that member is also the sole director, the Company may in General Meeting, notwithstanding anything in these Articles, nominate a person (other than a body corporate) who has attained the age of 18 years as a reserve director of the Company to act in the place of the sole director in the event of his death. Any duly authorised officer of the Company is empowered to send the particulars of the nomination of the reserve director to the Registrar of Companies, pursuant to section 455 of the Ordinance.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

- 22. (a) Meetings of the board of directors may be held in Hong Kong or in any other part of the world as may be convenient for the majority.
 - (b) Unless otherwise determined by the Company by Ordinary Resolution, the quorum for meeting of the directors shall be two.
 - (c) The directors may participate in any Board Meeting by means of conference telephone or other communications equipment through which all other directors present at the Meeting can hear each other and such participation shall constitute attendance at Board Meeting as if those participating were present in person, provided always that the quorum was already present at the meeting. The board of directors may also, in urgent cases, pass a resolution by way of telephonic conference, provided always that a written resolution is subsequently signed by all the directors in accordance with (d) below.
 - (d) A resolution in writing, signed by majority of the directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors duly convened and held, without the need for any agenda or notice. The signature of any director may be given by his alternate. Any such resolution may be contained in one document or separate copies prepared and/or circulated for the purpose and signed by one or more of the directors. A cable, telex, fax or e-mail message or other written electronic communication sent by a director or his alternate shall be deemed to be a document signed by him for the purposes of this Article.

THE SEAL AND CHEQUES

- 23. The Company may or may not have a common seal. However, if the board of directors shall decide to have one made for the Company, the common seal must be a metallic seal having the Company's name engraved on it in legible form and the directors shall provide for the safe custody thereof. The seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of the board of directors or a committee authorised by the Board in that behalf, and every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed shall be adopted by the board of directors only if the authority is given by 2/3 or more of the directors of the Company.
- 24. The Company may exercise all the powers of having official seals conferred by the Ordinance.
- 25. All cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes and other negotiable instruments issued or required to be signed, endorsed or accepted or otherwise negotiated by the Company shall be adopted by the board of directors only if 2/3 or more of the directors of the Company approve the same and signed by two directors of the Company.

COMPANY SECRETARY

- 26. (a) The board of directors may appoint a secretary of the Company for such period, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them. In the event that the secretary appointed is a corporation or other body, it may act and sign by the hand of any one or more of its directors or officers duly authorised.
 - (b) Where the Company has only one director, that director shall not also be the Secretary of the Company.
 - (c) Where the Company has only one director, the Company shall not have as Secretary of the Company a body corporate the sole director of which is the sole director of the Company.

WINDING UP

- 27. If the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution among the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up Capital, such assets shall be distributed so that as near as may be the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up the excess shall be distributed among the members in proportion to the capital at the commencement of the winding up paid up or which ought to have been paid up on the shares held by them respectively. But this Article is to be without prejudice to the rights of the holders of any shares issued upon special terms and conditions.
- 28. (a) If the Company shall be wound up whether voluntarily or otherwise the liquidators may with the sanction of a special resolution divide among the contributories in specie or kind any part of the assets of the Company and may with the like sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories or any of them as the liquidators with the like sanction think fit.
 - (b) If thought expedient any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part; but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have a right to dissent and ancillary rights as if such determination were a Special Resolution passed pursuant to the Ordinance.
 - (c) In case any of the shares to be divided as aforesaid consist of shares which involve a liability to calls or otherwise, any person entitled under such division to any of the said shares may, within ten days after the passing of the Special Resolution by notice in writing, direct the liquidator to sell his proportion and pay him the net proceeds, and the liquidator shall, if practicable, act accordingly.

Signature of A Director:

22 October 2015